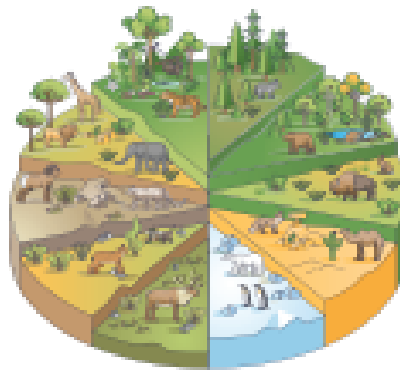


Science - Living Things and their Habitats

Key Information

Key Vocabulary

Habitat	A place where an animal or plant live
Deciduous tree	A tree that loses it's leaves in Autumn
Evergreen Tree	A tree that keeps its leaves all year round
Micro-habitat	A very small habitat
food chain	the order in which energy is passed from one plant or animal to another when they are eaten
living	something that is alive
dead	something that was once living but is now not alive
never alive	something that has never been living



Prior Knowledge

y 1	Animals	Recognise animals and name their homes
y 2	Poles Apart Geography	Polar habitats are in the North and South Pole and are the coldest part of the world Hot places are near to the Equator

- A habitat is where a plant or animal lives.
 - A habitat provides everything a plant or animal needs to survive.
 - All animals and plants have a habitat.
 - There are different habitats in my local area
- Polar animals can survive in extremely cold weather.
 - Some polar animals are carnivores.
 - Some polar animals are herbivores.
- Desert animals can survive in extremely hot weather.
 - Some plants can survive for a long time without water.
- Ocean animals include fish, mammals and reptiles.
 - Some animals eat plants and others use plants for shelter or to hide from other animals
- Animals and plants live in woodland habitats.
 - In woodlands, some animals eat plants and others use plants for shelter
- A microhabitat is a very small habitat.
 - Insects, snails, worms and spiders all live and survive in microhabitats
- A food chain shows how different living things rely on each other.
 - A food chain normally starts with plants.
 - Some animals eat other living things for energy.
- Animals, plants and humans are living things.
 - Living things need certain things to survive, such as water, food, shelter and air.
 - Living things can die.
 - When something is dead, it was once living.
 - Some things were never alive, such as rocks, water or toys.

